STATE OF OKLAHOMA

2nd Session of the 58th Legislature (2022)

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 43

By: Treat

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AS INTRODUCED

A Joint Resolution directing the Secretary of State

rejection the repeal of Article VII and Article VII-B, which relate to the Judicial Department and the

selection of justices and judges, and the proposed addition of a new Article VII-C to the Oklahoma

Constitution; establishing judicial power in this state; establishing courts; establishing requirements

for Supreme Court and Court of Criminal Appeals; establishing jurisdiction of courts; providing for

gubernatorial appointment of justices and judges;

elections of certain justices; specifying terms of office; providing for retention ballots for certain

justices and judges; establishing procedures for filling of vacancies; providing for administrative

authority over courts; authorizing Legislature to enact necessary laws; providing an effective date;

providing ballot title; and directing filing.

requiring Senate confirmation; providing for

to refer to the people for their approval or

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BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE AND THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE 2ND SESSION OF THE 58TH OKLAHOMA LEGISLATURE:

SECTION 1. The Secretary of State shall refer to the people for their approval or rejection, as and in the manner provided by law, the following proposed amendment to the Constitution of Oklahoma,

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the repeal of Articles VII and VII-B and the addition of a new Article VII-C to read as follows:

ARTICLE VII-C

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT

Section 1. The judicial power of this state shall be vested in the Senate, sitting as a Court of Impeachment, a Supreme Court, a Court on the Judiciary, a Court of Criminal Appeals, and such inferior courts as the Legislature may from time to time ordain and establish. The Judges of the Supreme Court, the Court of Criminal Appeals, and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior and for terms of office as specified in this article or by statute, and shall, at stated times, receive for their services, a compensation, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

Section 2. The Supreme Court shall consist of a Chief Justice and eight Associate Justices, until such number is changed by statute. Five members of the court shall constitute a quorum. The Court on the Judiciary shall consist as provided in Article VII-A. The Court of Criminal Appeals shall consist of a Chief Judge and four associate judges, until such number is changed by statute. Three members of the court shall constitute a quorum. The judges of all other inferior courts including courts of general jurisdiction shall consist as established by statute.

Section 3. The judicial power shall extend to all cases, in law and equity, arising under this Constitution or the laws of Oklahoma. The Supreme Court shall exercise appellate jurisdiction in the last resort in all cases or controversies, except criminal cases and controversies. The Supreme Court's appellate jurisdiction shall be discretionary, and so long as an inferior intermediate court of appeals exists, the Supreme Court shall not exercise appellate jurisdiction of first review. The Court of Criminal Appeals shall exercise appellate jurisdiction in the last resort over appeals in all criminal cases or controversies. The Supreme Court shall make rules governing the administration of all courts in the state and, subject to the law, the practice and procedure in all such courts. The Supreme Court shall have jurisdiction over admission to the practice of law in Oklahoma courts and the discipline of persons admitted, when necessary to address acts or omissions committed in the context of a case or controversy before the Oklahoma courts. Such jurisdiction shall not extend to the discipline of attorneys for acts or omissions not occurring in the context of a case or controversy before the Oklahoma courts. Jurisdiction over admission to the practice of law by individuals not appearing in Oklahoma courts is vested exclusively in the Legislature. Section 4. The Governor shall nominate and appoint, with the

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Reg. No. 2245 Page 3

advice and consent of the Senate, the Chief Justice and Associate

Justices of the Supreme Court, the Chief Judge and Associate Judges

of the Court of Criminal Appeals, and the judges of all intermediate appellate courts. The judges of courts of general jurisdiction shall be elected in the same manner as county officers, until changed by statute. Upon the effective date of this article, judges and justices of existing courts shall retain their offices for the remainder of their term without nomination by the Governor or confirmation by the Senate. Upon expiration of their terms, judges and justices of existing courts shall be replaced according to the provisions of this article.

Section 5. The terms of office of the Chief Justice and Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, the Chief Judge and Associate Judges of the Court of Criminal Appeals, and the judges of all intermediate appellate courts shall be six (6) years and shall commence on the second Monday of January following their election or appointment. At the general election next before his or her term expires, any aforementioned judge or justice may seek retention in office by filing with the Secretary of State, not less than sixty (60) days before the date of such election, a declaration of candidacy to succeed himself or herself. Thereupon, at such election, there shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the state, on a separate ballot, this question:

"Shall (Here insert name of Justice or Judge and party affiliation) of (Here insert the title of the court) be retained in Office?"

Req. No. 2245

1 YES

____ NO

The question shall be decided by a majority of those voting thereon. If the decision is "yes" the Judicial Officer shall be retained in office for the next ensuing six-year term. If the decision is "no", or if no declaration of candidacy is filed, the office shall be vacant upon expiration of the term then being served, and the former judge or justice shall not be eligible for appointment to succeed himself or herself. Retention in office may be sought for successive terms without limit as to number, except the Legislature may, by statute, enact term limits.

Those appointed or elected to fill vacancies shall assume office immediately upon qualifying for the office. Each justice, at the time of his or her election or appointment, shall have attained the age of thirty years, shall have been a qualified elector in Oklahoma for at least one year immediately prior to the date of filing or appointment, and shall have been a practicing attorney or judge of a court of record, or both, in Oklahoma for five years preceding his or her election or appointment.

Section 7. Except with reference to the Senate sitting as a Court of Impeachment and the Court on the Judiciary, general administrative authority over all courts in this State, including the temporary assignment of any judge to a court other than that for which he or she was elected or appointed, is hereby vested in the

Req. No. 2245

1	Supreme Court and shall be exercised by the Chief Justice in
2	accordance with its rules. Provided, however, that the process for
3	special or temporary assignments on the Supreme Court shall be
4	determined by statute.
5	Section 8. All matters related to the Judicial Department but
6	not addressed in this article may be determined by statute, and the
7	Legislature may enact statutes, as necessary, to carry the
8	provisions of this article into effect.
9	Section 9. This article shall become effective on January 1,
10	2023.
11	SECTION 2. The Ballot Title for the proposed Constitutional
12	amendment as set forth in SECTION 1 of this resolution shall be in
13	the following form:
14	BALLOT TITLE
15	Legislative Referendum No State Question No
16	THE GIST OF THE PROPOSITION IS AS FOLLOWS:
17	This measure would amend the Oklahoma Constitution. It would
18	repeal Article 7 and Article 7-B which created the Judicial
19	Department and directed the selection of justices and judges.
20	The measure would enact a new Article 7-C to establish a new
21	court structure modeled on that of the United States
22	Constitution. The Governor will pick new appellate judges,
23	subject to confirmation by the Senate. Appellate judges will
24	stand for retention elections every six years. Trial court

1	judges will be elected in the same manner as other county
2	officers.
3	SHALL THE PROPOSAL BE APPROVED?
4	FOR THE PROPOSAL — YES
5	AGAINST THE PROPOSAL - NO
6	SECTION 3. The President Pro Tempore of the Senate shall,
7	immediately after the passage of this resolution, prepare and file
8	one copy thereof, including the Ballot Title set forth in SECTION 2
9	hereof, with the Secretary of State and one copy with the Attorney
10	General.
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